

OSD Earned Value Management Activities Update

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Agenda

Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) Handbook Update

New Earned Value Management (EVM) Policy

Government/Industry EVM Working Group



WBS Handbook Update

- MIL-HNBK 881 last published in January 1998
- Contract awarded to update the WBS Handbook:
 - Incorporate changes to DoD acquisition policy/guidance
 - Add/improve upon WBS definitions for space, ships, and aircraft (especially UAVs); incorporate advancements in technology
 - Clarify how WBS is used with newer terms/processes (system of systems/family of systems, spiral/agile development, software, risk analysis)
 - Ensure WBS is characterized as an acquisition tool
 - Support budget, cost, schedule, technical, contractual, and performance management
 - Integrate program management, systems engineering, and cost estimating documents
- Working with OSD CAIG to ensure product meets needs of both program management and cost estimating communities
- User friendly, web accessible final product expected early next calendar year



New EVM Policy

- Proposed Changes
- Actions Completed

> Actions in Progress

Future Actions



Highlights of Proposed Changes

- New dollar thresholds for cost or incentive contracts – no differentiation between development and production
- Revise CPR DID (rename "Contract" Performance Report)
- Eliminate C/SSR and CPR-No Criteria
- Revise IMS DID and link to CPR
- > IBR required when EVM required
- EVM on FFP contracts is risk-based decision

Proposed New Policy/Guidance

DECEMENT OF D	Proposed New Policy/Guidance			
THE STATES OF A	<u>Contracts</u>	<u>Thresholds</u>	<u>Requirements</u>	
	Cost or Incentive Equal to Or Above Threshold	≥ \$50M	 Compliance with industry EVM standard Formal validation of contractor's EVM system Contract Performance Report Integrated Master Schedule Integrated Baseline Review Ongoing surveillance 	
	Cost or Incentive Equal to Or Above Threshold	≥ \$20M	 Compliance with industry EVM standard Formal system validation not required Contract Performance Report (tailored) Integrated Master Schedule (tailored) Integrated Baseline Review (tailored) Ongoing surveillance 	
	Cost or Incentive Less Than Threshold Plus All FFP	< \$20M	- EVM optional (risk-based decision) - Ongoing surveillance	



Actions Completed

- Released change recommendations/rationale and revised DIDs for government and industry comment in late April 2004
- Presented proposed new policy at PMI-CPM conference in May 2004
- Developed draft business case on potential impacts of policy changes
- Developed draft guidance for tailoring reporting on contracts below \$20M threshold
- Completed final draft of change recommendations/rationale (revised to incorporate comments)



Actions In Progress

- Assessing comments and working on final drafts of CPR and IMS DIDs
- Finalizing business case; incorporating input from industry
- Finalizing tailoring guidance for reporting; incorporating input from industry (will reside in EVMIG and Defense Acquisition Guidebook)
- Working with Air Force to transfer ownership of IMS DID to OSD
- Developing guidelines for applying EVM on FFP contracts (will reside in EVMIG)
- Updating EVMIG; removing industry guidelines and focusing on how to contract for EVM



Future Actions

- Finalize policy change recommendations/rationale; finalize CPR and IMS DIDs
- Formally coordinate policy changes within DoD
- Obtain USD(AT&L) approval of new policy
- After approval:
 - Issue interim policy memorandum (revise DoD 5000.2 during next update cycle)
 - Publish new DIDs
 - Publish new EVMIG
 - Revise Defense Acquisition Guidebook
 - Revise/publish new DFARS clauses (consider EVMS FAR clause)
- Effective date of implementation to be determined (contingent upon all pertinent documents being updated/approved/published); changes not retroactive
- Develop common DoD IBR Handbook to supplement IBR Guide (if deemed appropriate/necessary)



Government/Industry EVM Working Group

- Established in response to Defense Acquisition Excellence Council (DAEC) tasking
- Working-level forum to "assess EVM and broader program management issues and concerns by sharing improvement ideas and recommending solutions, capitalizing on existing industry practices"
- Standing body that meets at least quarterly or as required
- Membership includes reps from NDIA PMSC, companies on DAEC, OSD, DCMA, DAU, Services, MDA, and Intelligence Agencies
- Meetings held on July 13-14 and August 23, 2004:
 - Discussed main issues regarding policy changes
 - Developing action plan to address overarching DoD and industry issues
- Status update on tasking planned for September 2004 DAEC meeting



- 1. Policy, Validation, and Surveillance
- 2. Contract Requirements
- 3. Training

STATES OF

- 4. Contract Definitization
- 5. Management Acceptance
- 6. Process Integrity
- 7. Subcontractor Management

*In priority order as agreed to by working group members



Contents of Action Plan

(For Each Issue)

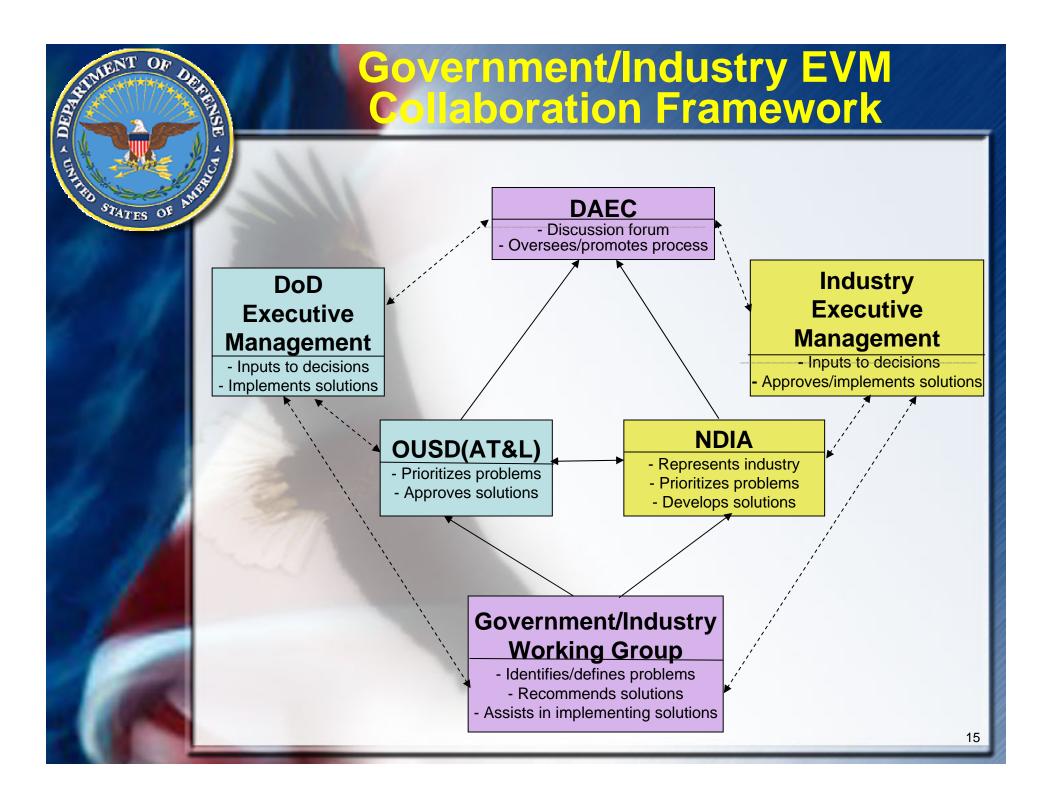
- Description of Issue
- >Impact(s)
- ➤ Cause(s) of Problem
- Recommended Improvement Action(s)
 - Point(s) of Contact
 - Target Completion Date
 - Approval Process



Next Steps

- Complete action plan
- Seek appropriate approvals of near-term improvement actions
- Assist in implementing improvement actions
- > Assess progress and update plan
- Continue to dialogue on concerns, share improvement ideas, and recommend solutions







Current EVM Policy

- DoD Directive 5000.1, The Defense Acquisition System, May 12, 2003 – EVM is not addressed
- ▶ DoD Instruction 5000.2, Operation of the Defense Acquisition System, May 12, 2003 – EVM is a Regulatory Information Requirement (Table E3.T2)
 - Implement EVM guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748 on contracts/agreements over designated dollar thresholds (RDT&E – over \$73M, Procurement – over \$315M)
 - Conduct Integrated Baseline Reviews (IBRs)

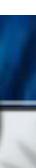


Current EVM Guidance

- DoD Regulation 5000.2-R, Mandatory Procedures for MDAPs and MAIS Acquisition Programs, April 5, 2002
 - Canceled as a "regulation" remains in effect as an "interim guidebook" (dated October 30, 2002) until replaced
 - Not mandatory, but should be used for best practices, lessons learned, and expectations
- Defense Acquisition Guidebook
 - Under development—EVM Chapter 12
 - Updating/revising EVM contents (cannot incorporate new guidance until policy changes are approved)
 - Electronic publication expected by end of calendar year
- Program Managers' Guide to the Integrated Baseline Review Process



- Issue 1: Compliance with 7 principles vs. 32 guidelines for contracts <\$50M</p>
- Response: Policy will be modified to require compliance with "Industry Standard"
- Rationale: Provides flexibility for smaller contracts; principles are less specific and will drive inconsistent interpretation/application



STATES OF

Main Issues on EVM Policy Recommendations

Issue 2: Order of precedence of DFARS clauses and CDRLs/DIDs

- Response: DFARS clauses will be updated to ensure consistency with new policy, revised DIDs, and FAR changes
- Rationale: All impacted documents must be updated as appropriate to reflect new policy



- Issue 3: Reduction in time period within which EV data must be available
- Response: Number of days prescribed in CPR DID will be changed from 8 calendar days to 10 to 15 calendar days
- > Rationale: Reasonableness



- Issue 4: Requirement for staffing forecasts monthly to end of contract
- Response: Policy will be changed to require monthly forecasts for next six months and monthly, quarterly, or annually to end of contract
- Rationale: Reasonableness; eliminates need to update CPR forms



Issue 5: Granularity of analysis in Format 5 of CPR

Response: EVMIG will be revised to include guidance on how to get EVM on contract, to include guidance on what to require in Format 5; DID will contain minimum set of requirements

Rationale: Contents of Format 5 are directed by the CDRL not the DID



Issue 6: Use of terms "network" and "all discrete" tasks/activities

- Response: Policy will specify applicable contract types; tailoring of the IMS will be allowed for contracts <\$50M and guidance is being developed
- Rationale: Scheduling continues to surface as a weak area needing improvement; challenges being overcome with today's software tools



► Issue 7: Tailoring the CPR for contracts <\$50M</p>

Response: Tailoring of the CPR will be allowed and guidance is being developed

> Rationale: Reasonableness



Issue 8: Use of EVM on non-schedule based types of contracts

Response: Tailoring guidance specifically excludes these types of contracts (T&M, LOE, etc.); policy will be modified to include definitions of non-schedule based types of contracts

> Rationale: Reasonableness



- Issue 9: Impacts of lowering \$315M threshold to \$50M
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged; however, business case will be updated to add additional data provided by industry
- FFP and will not require EVM; research to date indicates that number of additional contracts requiring EVM will be negligible and may even decrease due to raising of lower threshold to \$20M



Issue 10: EVM on FFP contracts

Response: Policy will remain unchanged

Rationale: New policy will not mandate EVM on FFP contracts; it will merely remove previous prohibition and allow a risk-based decision; consistent with OMB's vision for EVM throughout government



Issue 11: System approval vs. system validation

- Response: Policy will be modified to differentiate between system acceptance and system validation
- Rationale: "Validation" will be used consistently throughout policy to characterize requirement for systems being used to manage contracts >\$50M



- **▶ Issue 12:** Contractors responsible for validation of their suppliers
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- Rationale: Proposed change takes risk decision away from government



Issue 13: Validations by single government agency and recognized by all customers

Response: Policy will remain unchanged; issue needs to be raised by OMB

Rationale: Policy applies to DoD only and cannot mandate requirements for government organizations outside of DoD



- ► <u>Issue 14</u>: Replacing validation with compliance map, IBR, and surveillance
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- Rationale: This concept needs more research and discussion before it can be considered



Issue 15: Impacts of requiring surveillance on contracts between \$20M and \$50M

Response: Policy will remain unchanged

STATES OF

Rationale: Research indicates that impacts will be minimal, if any; surveillance is already required on contracts in this range



Issue 16: Adding references to joint surveillance and NDIA Surveillance Guide

Response: Policy will be modified to limit coverage of surveillance to government surveillance; EVMIG will mention joint surveillance as an option and reference Guide

Rationale: Policy applies to DoD only and cannot mandate requirements for contractor self-surveillance or joint surveillance



Issue 17: Remedies for non-compliance

Response: More work needs to be done in this area; this may also be an education issue

Rationale: Guidance on remedies will be developed for inclusion in contract clauses



Issue 18: Impacts of requiring IBRs on contracts between \$20M and \$50M

- Response: Policy will remain unchanged; however, scope of IBR may be tailored as appropriate for smaller projects
- Rationale: Research indicates that impacts will be minimal, if any; IBRs should already be conducted on contracts in this range; good business practice at start of any project



Issue 19: Retroactivity of policy changes

Response: Policy will be modified to state that costs associated with imposing new or different EVM requirements on existing contracts should and will be borne by government

Rationale: No change from current practice



Business Case

Raising lower threshold to \$20M – positive impact

 Reduction in number of contracts requiring EVM (preliminary data reflects reduction of approximately 50%)

Lowering upper threshold to \$50M - minimal impact (if any)

- Minimal increase in number of contracts requiring EVM (many procurement contracts are FFP)
- Contractors in this range already using validated systems (few if any additional compliance reviews expected)
- Consistent with CCDR application threshold
- Consistent with OMB's vision for EVM throughout government



Business Case

Mandating CPR at \$20M - positive impact

- Standardizes reporting eliminates two report configurations (CPR and C/SSR)
- May be tailored to obtain data necessary for management
- Mandating IMS at \$20M minimal impact
 - Integrated schedule already required by Industry
 Standard change is government will now be provided a copy with CPR
 - Scheduling continues to surface as a weak area needing improvement
 - May be tailored to obtain data necessary for management
- Mandating IBRs at \$20M minimal impact (if any)
 - IBRs should already be conducted on contracts in this range
 - Good business practice at start of any project
 - May be tailored to size/scope of project



Tailoring Guidance

- Guidance for tailoring CPR and IMS for cost or incentive contracts <\$50M but >\$20M
- Things to consider when making a risk-based decision to require EVM on cost or incentive contracts <\$20M; guidance for tailoring reporting
- Things to consider when making a risk-based decision to require EVM on FFP contracts; guidance for tailoring reporting