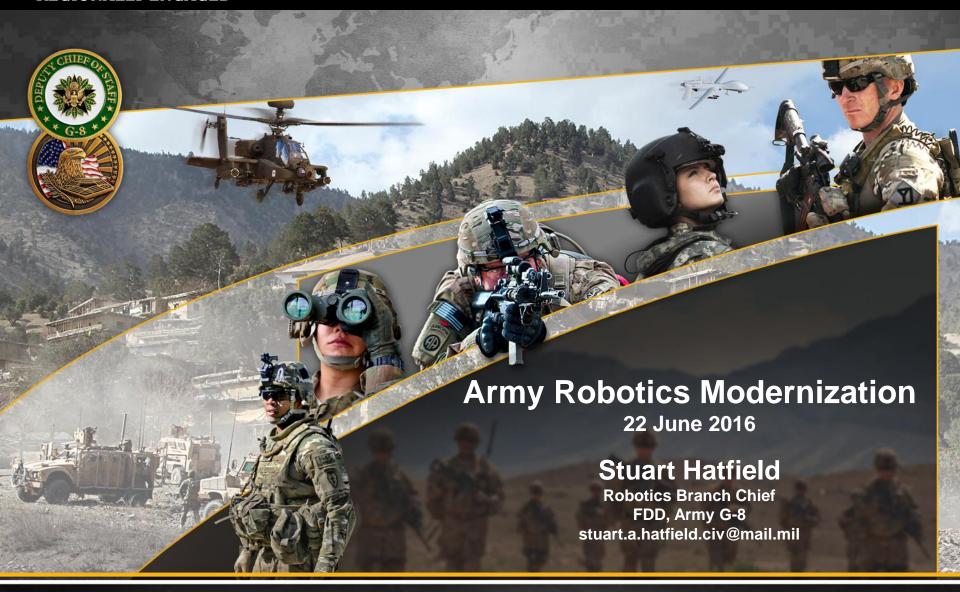
#### AMERICA'S ARMY: GLOBALLY RESPONSIVE REGIONALLY ENGAGED



# Agenda

- New Developments
- Robotics and Autonomous Systems Capabilities
- Army Robotics and Autonomous Systems Strategy
- Army Requirements Oversight Council (AROC)
- Resourcing
- Innovation
- Challenges

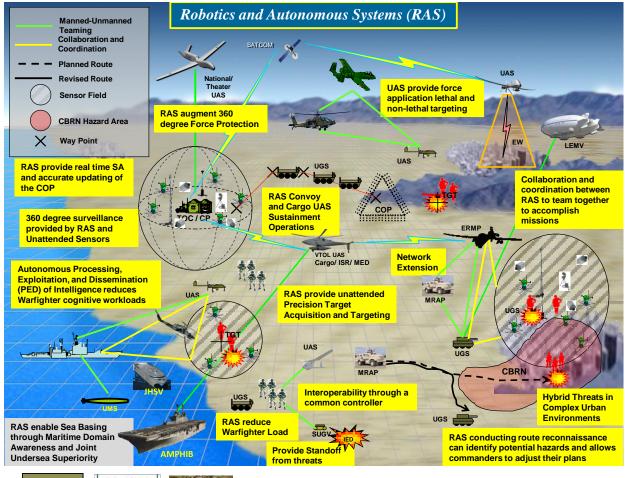
# New Developments in Robotics

- Army Staff Consolidation for Requirements and Resources
- Joint Concept for Robotics and Autonomous Systems (RAS) Aug 2016
- Army Concept for Robotics and Autonomous Systems (RAS) Oct 2016
- Army Science Board Study on The Role of Advanced Autonomy Within Army Formations (Tactical Wheeled Vehicle, Dismounted, and Armored)
- Extended Warfighter Experiment for Leader-Follower Technology
- Army Warfighter Assessment for Leader-Follower Technology
- Programs of Record Requests for Proposal release
- Emerging Requirements Documentation

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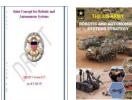
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## **RAS Capabilities**



- 1. Protecting the force
- 2. Maintaining overmatch during combined arms operations
  - a. Improve situational awareness and persistently monitor the environment
  - b. Lighten physical and cognitive workloads
  - c. Sustain with increased distribution, throughput, and efficiency
  - d. Facilitate movement and maneuver





- Army Operating Concept (AOC) published November 2014
- Joint Capabilities Robotics and Autonomous Systems (JCRAS) to be published Aug 16
- Robotics and Autonomous Systems (RAS) Strategy to be published Oct 2016

Robotics and Autonomous Systems (RAS) extend the area and time over which a force can be effective.

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## Robotic and Autonomous Systems Strategy



Purpose: The strategy synchronizes Army RAS activities, fosters unity of effort, and identifies opportunities to accelerate RAS capabilities in a resource-constrained environment. The Army will employ RAS to protect Soldiers and increase capabilities to maintain overmatch. This vision has *realistic objectives* in the **near-term**, *feasible objectives* in the **mid-term**, and *visionary objectives* for the **far-term**.



#### Mid-Term Objectives:

- ➤ Improve the autonomy of unmanned ground systems
- > Unmanned air cargo delivery
- > Increase payloads for ground and air platforms
- ➤ Introduce exoskeleton technology

#### **Near-Term Objectives:**

- Protecting the force at increased standoff distances
- Improving sustainment through Automated Ground Resupply
- > Lighten the Soldier load
- ➤ Improve situational awareness
- Facilitating movement and maneuver

# Mid-Term Vision- Evolve (22-31) OBJECTIVE EAST Joint Combined Arms Maneuver

#### Far-Term Objectives:

- Machine intelligence, perception, reasoning
- Provide information that facilitates onward movement of early entry forces
- Operate in advance of maneuver forces to establish network, provide long-range fire data and local security

#### Sources for objectives:

- -Army Operating Concept, App C-2
- -TRADOC S&T Imperatives
- -Capability Needs Analysis
- -RDECOM S&T Focus Areas

Far-Term Vision- Innovate (32-41)



Victory Starts Here!

# AROC Process & Operating Rules

#### CSA guidance:

- AROC is a decision making forum for the CSA/VCSA on all matters of requirements and modernization
- AROC will be driven by commanders (mainly TRADOC, FORSCOM, and AMC)
- AROC will be held every Friday
- CSA/VCSA are the only authority to cancel or delay AROC
- CSA/VCSA are the only authority for approving requirements and changes to requirements

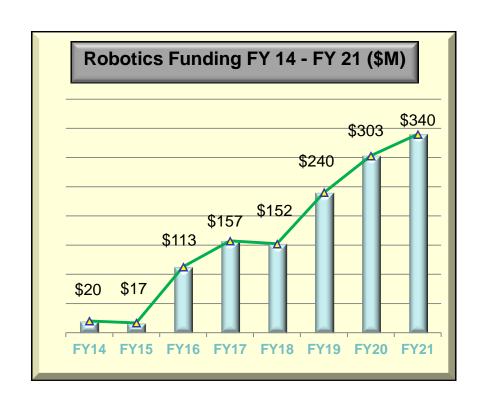
#### **Operating Rules**:

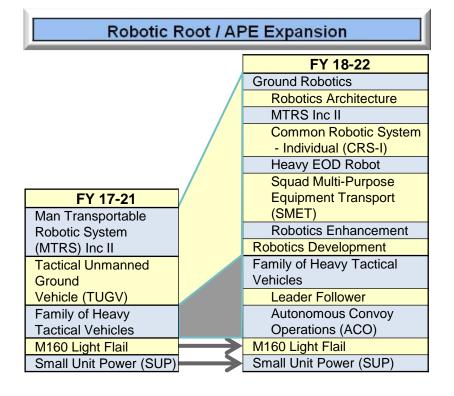
- AFC's goal is to ensure AROC issues are clearly articulated and presented for AROC decisions => Consensus is NOT the goal
- Non-concurs will be noted and will not slow the process
- Voting members must be prepared and be empowered to represents the command's position
- Votes will be by name from all commands and agencies
- G8 Hardware Divisions will maintain control of the briefing slides and products
- Pre-briefs are responsibility of each command/agency



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# **Robotics Funding**

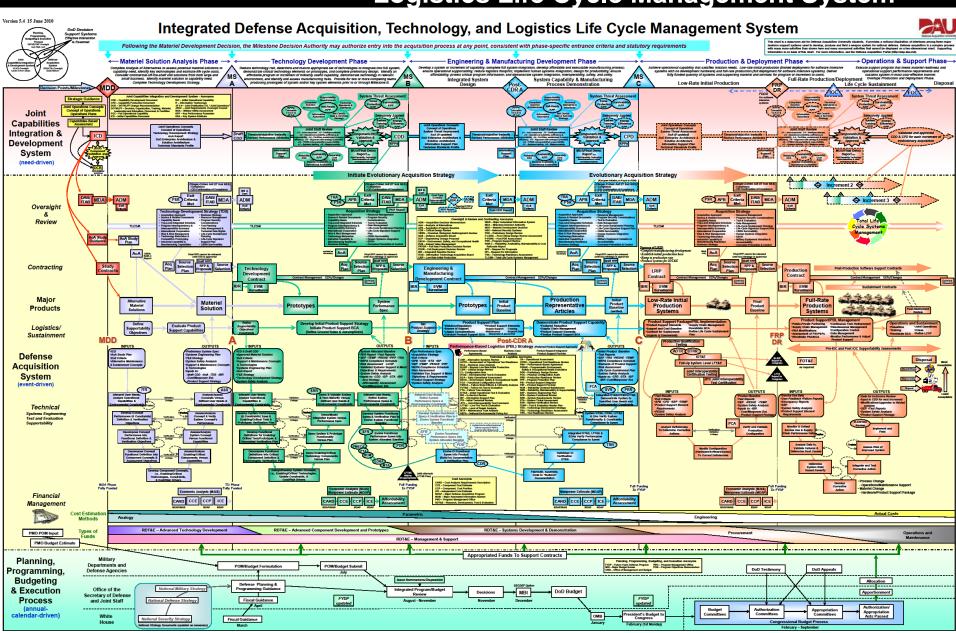


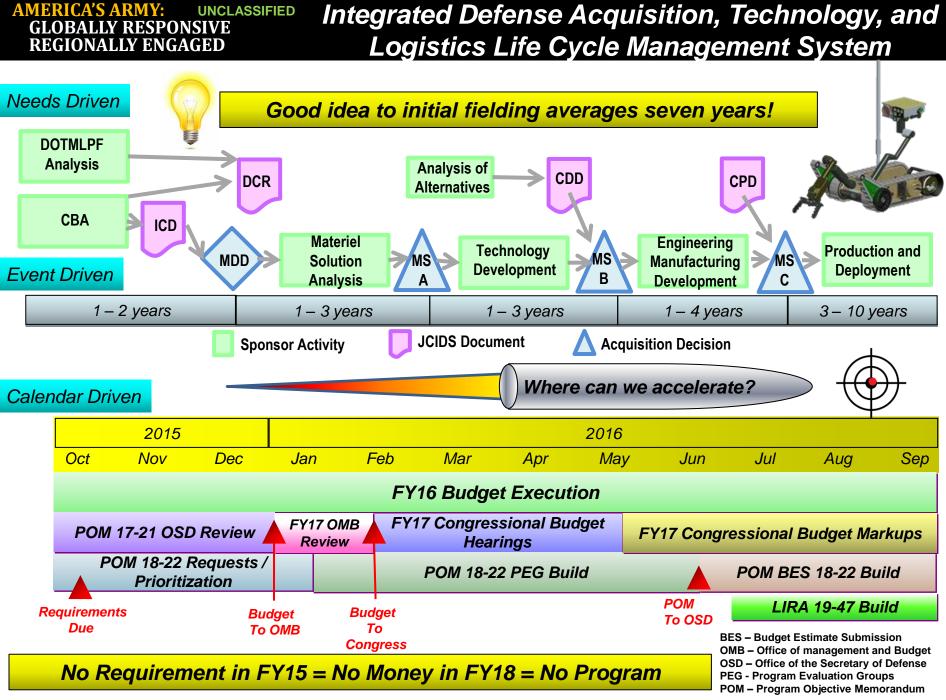


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# Integrated Defense Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics Life Cycle Management System





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# Challenges to Developing PoR

- The establishment of Programs of Record (PoR) requires the synchronization of technology development, requirements, and resources
- S&T technology development (Conditions based):
  - Understanding the Environment / Perception
  - Human-Robotic Interaction
  - Object Manipulation
  - Mobility
  - Machine Intelligence
- Operational Concepts and Requirements (Conditions based)
  - Force 2025 and Beyond
  - Improved protection, persistence, and endurance across the Warfighting Functions
  - Manned Unmanned Teaming
  - Role of increased autonomy within formations; RAS transition from tool to team member
  - Government Owned Interface Standards / Specifications
  - Interoperability / Commonality / Modularity
  - Capability thresholds

#### Resources (Calendar based):

- Force Structure
- Budget cycle
- Approved Requirement documentation and supporting analysis
- Affordability thresholds
- Increased competition to reduce cost
- Congressional Support

# **Questions?**