

# Joint Government/Industry EVM Working Group Meeting

July 13-14, 2004

Defense Acquisition University Fort Belvoir, Virginia

#### Meeting Objectives

- Dialogue on Proposed New EVM Policy to include:
  - Business Case
  - Tailoring Guidance
- Respond to DAEC tasking:
  - Define problems, issues, and challenges
  - Develop plan to implement recommended improvement actions

- <u>Issue 1</u>: Compliance with 7 principles vs. 32 guidelines for contracts <\$50M
- Response: Policy will be modified to require compliance with "Industry Standard"
- <u>Rationale</u>: Provides flexibility for smaller contracts; principles are less specific and will drive inconsistent interpretation/application

- <u>Issue 2</u>: Order of precedence of DFARS clauses and CDRLs/DIDs
- Response: DFARS clauses will be updated to ensure consistency with new policy, revised DIDs, and FAR changes
- Rationale: All impacted documents must be updated as appropriate to reflect new policy

- <u>Issue 3</u>: Reduction in time period within which EV data must be available
- Response: Number of days prescribed in CPR DID will be changed from 8 calendar days to 10 to 15 calendar days
- Rationale: Reasonableness

- <u>Issue 4</u>: Requirement for staffing forecasts monthly to end of contract
- Response: Policy will be changed to require monthly forecasts for next six months and monthly, quarterly, or annually to end of contract
- <u>Rationale</u>: Reasonableness; eliminates need to update CPR forms

- <u>Issue 5</u>: Granularity of analysis in Format 5 of CPR
- Response: EVMIG will be revised to include guidance on how to get EVM on contract, to include guidance on what to require in Format 5; DID will contain minimum set of requirements
- <u>Rationale</u>: Contents of Format 5 are directed by the CDRL not the DID

- <u>Issue 6</u>: Use of terms "network" and "all discrete" tasks/activities
- Response: Policy will specify applicable contract types; tailoring of the IMS will be allowed for contracts <\$50M and guidance is being developed
- Rationale: Scheduling continues to surface as a weak area needing improvement; challenges being overcome with today's software tools

- <u>Issue 7</u>: Tailoring the CPR for contracts <\$50M
- Response: Tailoring of the CPR will be allowed and guidance is being developed
- Rationale: Reasonableness

- <u>Issue 8</u>: Use of EVM on non-schedule based types of contracts
- Response: Tailoring guidance specifically excludes these types of contracts (T&M, LOE, etc.); policy will be modified to include definitions of non-schedule based types of contracts
- Rationale: Reasonableness

- <u>Issue 9</u>: Impacts of lowering \$315M threshold to \$50M
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged; however, business case will be updated to add additional data provided by industry
- Rationale: Most production contracts are FFP and will not require EVM; research to date indicates that number of additional contracts requiring EVM will be negligible and may even decrease due to raising of lower threshold to \$20M

- Issue 10: EVM on FFP contracts
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- Rationale: New policy will not mandate EVM on FFP contracts; it will merely remove previous prohibition and allow a risk-based decision; consistent with OMB's vision for EVM throughout government

- <u>Issue 11</u>: System approval vs. system validation
- Response: Policy will be modified to differentiate between system acceptance and system validation
- <u>Rationale</u>: "Validation" will be used consistently throughout policy to characterize requirement for systems being used to manage contracts >\$50M

- <u>Issue 12</u>: Contractors responsible for validation of their suppliers
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- <u>Rationale</u>: Proposed change takes risk decision away from government

- <u>Issue 13</u>: Validations by single government agency and recognized by all customers
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged; issue needs to be raised by OMB
- Rationale: Policy applies to DoD only and cannot mandate requirements for government organizations outside of DoD

- <u>Issue 14</u>: Replacing validation with compliance map, IBR, and surveillance
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- Rationale: This concept needs more research and discussion before it can be considered

- <u>Issue 15</u>: Impacts of requiring surveillance on contracts between \$20M and \$50M
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged
- Rationale: Research indicates that impacts will be minimal, if any; surveillance is already required on contracts in this range

- <u>Issue 16</u>: Adding references to joint surveillance and NDIA Surveillance Guide
- Response: Policy will be modified to limit coverage of surveillance to government surveillance; EVMIG will mention joint surveillance as an option and reference Guide
- <u>Rationale</u>: Policy applies to DoD only and cannot mandate requirements for contractor self-surveillance or joint surveillance

- <u>Issue 17</u>: Remedies for non-compliance
- Response: More work needs to be done in this area; this may also be an education issue
- Rationale: Guidance on remedies will be developed for inclusion in contract clauses

- <u>Issue 18</u>: Impacts of requiring IBRs on contracts between \$20M and \$50M
- Response: Policy will remain unchanged; however, scope of IBR may be tailored as appropriate for smaller projects
- Rationale: Research indicates that impacts will be minimal, if any; IBRs should already being conducted on contracts in this range; good business practice at start of any project

- <u>Issue 19</u>: Retroactivity of policy changes
- Response: Policy will be modified to state that costs associated with imposing new or different EVM requirements on existing contracts should and will be borne by government
- <u>Rationale</u>: No change from current practice

#### **Business Case**

- Raising lower threshold to \$20M positive impact
  - Reduction in number of contracts requiring EVM
    - DCMA -56%
    - NAVAIR -30%
- Lowering upper threshold to \$50M minimal impact (if any)
  - Minimal increase in number of contracts requiring EVM (most procurement contracts are FFP)
  - Contractors in this range already using validated systems (few if any additional compliance reviews expected)
  - Consistent with CCDR application threshold
  - Consistent with OMB's vision for EVM throughout government

#### **Business Case**

- Mandating CPR at \$20M positive impact
  - Standardizes reporting eliminates two report configurations (CPR and C/SSR)
  - Can be tailored to obtain data necessary for management
- Mandating IMS at \$20M minimal impact
  - Integrated schedule already required by Industry Standard –
    change is government will now be provided a copy with CPR
  - Scheduling continues to surface as a weak area needing improvement
  - Can be tailored to obtain data necessary for management
- Mandating IBRs at \$20M minimal impact (if any)
  - IBRs already being conducted on contracts in this range
  - Good business practice at start of any project

#### Tailoring Guidance

- Guidance for tailoring CPR and IMS for cost or incentive contracts <\$50M but >\$20M
- Things to consider when making a risk-based decision to require EVM on cost or incentive contracts <\$20M; guidance for tailoring reporting
- Things to consider when making a risk-based decision to require EVM on FFP contracts; guidance for tailoring reporting

#### New Policy: What's Next?

- Finalize change recommendations/rationale
- Finalize business case and tailoring guidance
- Finalize/publish revised DIDs
- Issue interim policy via memorandum
  - Coordinate within DoD as required
  - Revise DoD 5000.2 during next update cycle
- Write contents of Defense Acquisition Guidebook
  - Get into next update, which is currently under development
- Revise/publish new EVMIG (include tailoring guidance, how to contract for EVM)
- Revise/publish new DFARS clauses

#### NDIA PMSC Actions

- Canvass industry regarding the 10-15 calendar day due date for EV data. Due Date September 7. Walt Berkey
- Provide input on the impact of the threshold changes in terms of the number of contracts affected. Due date September 7<sup>th</sup> Walt Berkey
- Provide suggestions for tailoring the CPR based on current C/SSR experience, to include the contents of format 5 and best practices for variance analysis. Due Date September 7 Pete Wynne
- Provide suggestions for tailoring the IMS [on contracts below 450m]. Due date September 7 Pete Wynne

#### DAEC Tasking – Issue Categories

- 1. Policy, Validation, and Surveillance
- 2. Contract Requirements [Poorly written]
- 3. Training
- 4. Contract Definitization [Timely manner]
- 5. Management Acceptance [Value of EV]
- 6. Process Integrity [Lack of]
- 7. Subcontractor Management [Insufficient focus]